# § PLUG-IN TRANSDUCER § 1 OUTPUT TYPE

## SIGNAL TRANSDUCER

## REVERSE ISOLATOR

RVTP2 -

#### Use

Converts and outputs various kinds of DC input and output signals into reverse relationship.

#### Features

- 1. Constant voltage/current output
- 2. Withstand voltage between input, output, auxiliary supply and outer case (earth) is AC2, 000V (50/60Hz), complete insulation for 1 minute.
- 3. Input/output line surge protection (2,000A, 8/20µs, positive/negative polarity)



Input (input resistance or voltage drop)		Output (load resistance)		Auxiliary supply	Common specification
$\underline{A1}$ : DC0-10mV (approx.1MQ)	C1 : DC0-10 µ A (100mV) *1	1:DC100-0mV	( 200 )	1 : AC100V±10%,	Tolerance: ± 0.25% *2
$\underline{A2}$ : DC0-50mV (approx.1MQ)	C2 : DC0-100 µ A (100mV)	2:DC1-0V	( 200 )	50/60Hz	Response time:
$\underline{A3}$ : DC0-60mV (approx.1MQ)	C3 : DC0-1mA (approx.100Ω)	3: DC5-0V	( 1k )	2:AC110V±10%,	0.5sec./99%
$\overline{\text{A4}}$ : DC0-100mV (approx.1MQ)	C4 : DC0-5mA (approx.100Ω)	4:DC10-0V	( 2k )	50/60Hz	Consumption VA:
$\overline{A5}$ : DC0-1V (approx.1MQ)	C5 : DC0-10mA (approx.100Ω)	5: DC5-1V	( 1k )	3:AC200V±10%,	AC power source:3VA
$\overline{\text{A6}}$ : DC0-5V (approx.1MQ)	C6 : DC0-16mA (approx.100Ω)	$6: DC \pm 5V$	( 1k )	50/60Hz	DC power source:3.5W
$\overline{A7}$ : DC0-10V (approx.1MQ)	C7 : DC4-20mA (approx.100Ω)	$7: DC \pm 10V$	( 2k )	4:AC220V±10%,	Weight:
$\overline{A8}$ : DC1-5V (approx.1MQ)	D1 : DC $\pm 10 \mu A (\pm 100 mV)*1$	A:DC1-0mA	( 10k )	50/60Hz	AC power source:400g
$\underline{B1}: DC \pm 10 mV  (approx.1M\Omega)$	$D2 : DC \pm 100 \mu A (\pm 100 mV)$	B:DC5-0mA	( 2k )	5 : DC24V±10%	DC power source:300g
$\underline{B2}$ : DC ± 50mV (approx.1MQ)	$D3 : DC \pm 500 \mu A (\pm 100 mV)$	C:DC10-0mA	( 1k )	0 <sup>:</sup> other than	
$\underline{B3}$ : DC ± 60mV (approx.1MQ)	$D4$ : DC ± 1mA (approx.100 $\Omega$ )	D:DC16-0mA	( 600 )	those above	
$\underline{B4}$ : DC ± 100mV (approx.1MQ)	$D5$ : DC ± 5mA (approx.100 $\Omega$ )	E:DC5-1mA	( 3k )		
B5: DC ± 1V (approx.1MQ)	$D6$ : DC ± 10mA (approx.100 $\Omega$ )	F:DC20-4mA	( 750 )		
B6 : DC ± 5V (approx.1MQ)	00: other than those above	0 : other than those above			
$\mathbf{B7}: \mathbf{DC} \pm 10\mathbf{V} \qquad (\mathbf{approx}.1\mathbf{M}\Omega)$					

\*1. Circuit voltage 15V for an input of 10 µ A.

\*2. Tolerance becomes  $\pm 0.5\%$  when input voltage is less than 50mV, input current is less than 100 $\mu$ A.

Open of current output: even if the current output terminal is used in a state of regular open, there is no problem. Also, a voltage of approx. 25V occurs on the output terminal.

## Impulse withstand voltage

Impulse withstands voltage between electric circuit and outer case (earth) 5kV, 1.2/50µs, and positive/negative polarity 3 times each is guaranteed.

Option: surge absorber (5kV, 1.2/50µs positive/negative polarity 3 times each.)

When an inductive lightning surge occurs from input or output side, this device absorbs the surge and protects connected equipments.

However, the device is not necessary if the connected equipment is protected by an arrester or suchlike.

#### Built-in ripple filter

Even if a ripple of single-phase AC full rectification wave (50/60Hz) degree is included in input wave, it still converts the wave into a smoothed DC signal. Please consult with us for special wave patterns such as an inverter.



**RVTP2-C7F5** (80 × 50 × 123mm/300g)

## UR-1 precise resistance unit (selling separately)

Please use a UR-1 combined with an insulated transducer of voltage input. When changing the insulated transducer in a hot line state at the time of current input, if measures against open are necessary, connect UR-1 to socket and convert it into a voltage signal before using it. (UR-1, the resistance specified)

Connection diagram



## Block diagram



Low-drift amplifying circuit Low limit circuit Pulse width modulation circuit Pulse width demodulation circuit Output circuit Output circuit Insulated power source circuit

Purchase specifications

